The rehabilitation guidelines are presented in a criterion based progression. General time frames are given for reference to the average, but individual patients will progress at different rates depending on their age, associated injuries, pre-injuries, pre-injury health status, rehab compliance and injury severity. Specific time frames, restrictions and precautions may also be given to protect healing tissues and the surgical repair/reconstruction.

REHABILITATION GUIDELINES SLAP LESION REPAIR	
PHASE 1: 0 TO 4-6 WEEKS	DOS:
APPOINTMENTS	Meet with the Physician at 1 and 6 weeks post-op Begin Physical Therapy 7-10 days after surgery, continue 1-2x per week.
REHAB GOALS	 Protection of the post-surgical shoulder. Activation of the stabilizing muscles of the gleno-humeral and scapulo-thoracic joints.
PRECAUTIONS	 Sling immobilization required for soft tissue healing for 4 weeks. Hypersensitivity in axillary nerve distribution is a common occurrence. No active biceps motion for 6 weeks No biceps tension for 10 weeks to protect repaired tissuesthis includes avoiding long lever arm flexion ROM; resisted supination, elbow flex or shoulder flex. Limit PROM external rotation to neutral for the first 4 weeks. No PROM extension or horizontal extension past body for 4 weeks
ROM EXERCISES (Please do not exceed the ROM specified for each exercise and time period)	 Gentle A/AAROM for elbow and wrist Pain free, gentle PROM for shoulder flexion, abduction, internal rotation and external rotation to neutral.
SUGGESTED THERAPEUTIC EXERCISE	Begin week 2-3, sub-maximal shoulder isometrics for IR/ER, & abd/add. Hand gripping. Cervical spine and scapular AROM. Desensitization techniques for axillary nerve distribution.
CARDIOVASCULAR FITNESS	Walking, stationary bike-sling on. No treadmill, swimming, or throwing (Avoid running and jumping due to the distractive forces that can occur at landing)

PHASE 2: 6-12 WEEKS	DATE:
APPOINTMENTS	Meet with the Physician at
	Physical Therapy 1 x per 1-2 weeks
REHAB GOALS	1. Full AROM; full external ROM in abduction no greater
	than 60°
	2. Full rotator cuff strength in a neutral position.
PRECAUTIONS	1. No bicep tension for 10 weeks to protect repaired tissues-
	this includes avoiding long lever arm flexion ROM or
	resisted: supination, elbow flex or shoulder flex.
	2. No AROM or PROM for external rotation in abduction
	greater than 60°; no extension beyond neutral.
	3. Okay to initiate posterior capsule mobilization at 8-10
ROM EXERCISES	weeks pain free if appropriateAROM for shoulder flexion in side lying to avoid bicep
(Please do not exceed the ROM	tension.
specified for each exercise and	 AROM for shoulder abduction in supine or prone to avoid
time period)	bicep tension.
	AROM internal rotation
	AROM/PROM external rotation gradually progressing
	angle of abduction from 0-60°
SUGGESTED THERAPEUTIC	May begin UBE 6-8 weeks without pain or substitution
EXERCISE	patterns
	 Scapular squeezes (shoulder not beyond neutral)
	 Internal and external rotation in neutral with thera-band
	resistance to neutral-make sure patient is not supinating
	with ER movement.
	Ball squeezes
CARDIOVASCULAR	Walking, stationary bike without using arms (No Airdyne). No
FITNESS	Treadmill, swimming, running, or eliptical.

PHASE 3: 12 WEEKS	DATE:
APPOINTMENTS	Meet with the Physician at 12 weeks.
	Physical Therapy 1-2x per week.
Phase III Goals	1. Full AROM in all cardinal planes with normal scapulo-
	humeral movement; full external ROM in 90° abduction
	2. 5/5 rotator cuff strength at 90° abduction in the scapular
	plane.
	3. 5/5 peri-scapular strength
PRECAUTIONS	1. All exercises and activities to remain non-provocative and
	low to medium velocity.
	2. Avoid activities where there is a higher risk for falling or
	outside forces to be applied to the arm.
	3. No swimming, throwing or sports.
	4. Pt. To avoid weighted hyperextension or hyperabduction

	for life (ie: benchpress beyond neutral)
SUGGESTED THERAPEUTIC	<u>Motion</u>
EXERCISE	Posterior glides if posterior capsule tightness is present (okay at
	8-10 weeks).
	Progress external rotation in abduction (progress from 60-90°
	abduction)
	Strength and Stabilization Flexion in prone, horizontal abd in prone, full can ex, D1 and D2 diagonals in standing.
	TB/cable column/ dumbbell (light resistance/high rep) IR/ER progressing from 30-90 abduction and rowing.
	Balance board in push-up position (with RS), prone swiss ball
	walk-outs, rapid alternating movements in supine D2 diagonal.
	CKC stabilization with narrow base of support.
CARDIOVASCULAR	Walking, biking, stairmaster and running (if they have met PII
FITNESS	criteria). NO SWIMMING.
PROGRESSION CRITERIA	Patient may progress to Phase IV if they have met the above
	stated goals and have no apprehension or impingement signs.

PHASE 4: AFTER MEETING PHASE	SE 3 CRITERIA DATE:
APPOINTMENTS	Meet with the physician at 18 weeks post-op.
	Physical Therapy 1x every 3 weeks.
PHASE IV GOALS	1. Pt to demonstrate stability with higher velocity
	movements and change of directions movements.
	2. 5/5 rotator cuff strength with multiple repetition testing at
	90° abduction in the scapular plane.
	3. Full multi-plane AROM.
PRECAUTIONS	1. Progress gradually into provocative exercises by
	beginning with low velocity, known movement
	patterns.
	2. Pt. To avoid weighted hyperextension or
	hyperabduction for life (ie: benchpress beyond neutral)
SUGGESTED THERAPEUTIC	Strength and Stabilization
EXERCISE	Dumbbell and medicine ball exercises that incorporate trunk
	rotation and control with rotator cuff strengthening at 90°
	abduction. Begin working towards more functional activities by
	emphasizing core and hip strength and control with shoulder
	exercises.
	TB/cable column/dumbbell 1R in 90° abduction and rowing.
	Higher velocity strengthening and control, such as the inertial,
	plyometrics, rapid theraband drills. Plyometrics should start with

	2 hands below shoulder ht and progress to overhead, and then back to below shoulder with one hand, progressing again to overhead.
CARDIOVASCULAR FITNESS	Walking, biking, stairmaster and running (if they have met PII criteria). NO SWIMMING
PROGRESSION CRITERIA	Patient may progress to Phase V if they have met the above stated goals and have no apprehension or impingement signs.

PHASE 5: AFTER MEETING PHASE 4 CRITERIA DATE:	
APPOINTMENTS	Meet with the Physician at 24 weeks post-op.
	Physical Therapy 1x every 2-3 weeks.
PHASE V GOALS	 Pt to demonstrate stability with higher velocity movements and change of direction movements that replicate sport specific patterns (including swimming, throwing, etc). No apprehension or instability with high velocity overhead movements. Improve core and hip strength and mobility to eliminate any compensatory stresses to the shoulder.
	4. Work capacity cardiovascular endurance for specific sport or work demands.
PRECAUTIONS	 Progress gradually into sport specific movements patterns. Pt. To avoid weighted hyperextension or hyperabduction for life (ie: benchpress beyond neutral)
SUGGESTED THERAPEUTIC	Motion
EXERCISE	Posterior glides if posterior capsule tightness is present. Strength and Stabilization Dumbbell and medicine ball exercises that incorporate trunk rotation and control with rotator cuff strengthening at 90° abduction and higher velocities. Begin working towards more sport specific activities. Initiate throwing program, overhead racquet program or return to swimming program depending on the athlete's sport.
	High velocity strengthening and dynamic control, such as the inertial, plyometrics, rapid theraband drills.
CARDIOVASCULAR FITNESS	Design to use sport specific energy systems.
PROGRESSION CRITERIA	Patient may return to sport after receiving clearance from the Orthopedic Surgeon and the Physical Therapist/Athletic Trainer.